Numb. 357.

THE Pennſylvania GAZETTE.

Containing the freſheſt Advices Foreign and Domeſtick.

From October 2. to October 9. 1735.

VIENNA, June 14.

THE Advices from Poland confirm what has been formerly mentioned, that almoſt all the Palatinates have ſubmitted to King Auguſtus, after the Example of the Crown Army. The Tranquility is re-eſtabliſhed in Hungary. The Affairs of the Elector of Bavaria begin to have a better Face. The Imperial Army is ſtill in their Quarters at Bruſchal. The French Army have taken again their Poſt at Oppenheim, as they did the laſt Year, they are encamped upon a Hill near it, which extends itſelf to Spires; and upon this Hill they have planted Batteries, in order keep the Rhine open for paſſing, as ſoon as the Bridge of Boats arrives from Spires. We have Advice from the Hague, that the Maritime Powers have agreed upon an Anſwer to make to the Allies, on their laſt Declaration, as to the Subject of Pacification; and it appears by this Anſwer, that the ſaid Powers will content themſelves this Year, in continuing on their Mediation for procuring a general Peace in Europe.

Hague, June 14. The Court of Vienna, in their laſt Anſwer but one to the Maritime Powers, in relation to the Plan of Pacification, had excuſed their not anſwering poſitively as to the firſt Article, until his Imperial Majeſty had conſulted his Allies.

Laſt Week the Miniſters of the Emperor, the Czarina, and King Auguſtus, had a Conference with their High Mightineſſes Deputies, and communicated to them the Anſwer of their Principals, with regard to the firſt Article of the Plan.

The Memorial they preſented on this Occaſion is very Laconick, according to the uſual Cuſtom, *viz.* Their Imperial Majeſties and King Auguſtus accept of the Diſpoſition propoſed with regard to Poland; provided the Elector of Saxony, who is no where mentioned in the Plan, ſhall remain in the peaceable Poſſeſſion of the Throne.

Breſt, June 17. We received Orders on Tueſday from Court, to arm twenty Ships of War with all Diligence; and we hear the like Orders are gone to the Port of Toulon to arm eight others.

Hague, June 21. At laſt the Ruſſians have entered Sileſia. It was not known for a time what was become of them; but that Delay was occaſioned by a Miſunderſtanding about the Command between the General Lacy and the Emperor's General, the Count de Wellſeck. The Court of Petersburg has removed that Obſtacle, and the firſt Column is arrived at Oppelen in Sileſia, to the Number of thirteen thouſand Men. This Reinforcement conſiſts of nine Regiments of Foot, of a thouſand ſix hundred Men each, making in all thirteen thouſand five hundred Men; thirteen Regiments of Dragoons, of a thouſand Men each, making in all thirteen thouſand Men; two Regiments of Cuiraſſiers, of three thouſand Men each; ſix thouſand Coſſacks and Tartars, and three thouſand Calmucks, making in all thirty eight thouſand five hundred Men commanded by General Lacy, Lieutenant-General Lubins, and Major General Beroderski. The Succours are to march in three Columns. It is certain that the Emperor would not have called in theſe Foreigners, had all the Electors, Princes and States of the Empire behaved like true Patriots, and ſent their Contingents; but as the Caſe ſtands, the Preſence of the Ruſſians is neceſſary, were it only to reduce the Elector of Bavaria to Reaſon, who is one while very eager to be reconciled, and at another time ſtands aloof, and will not be reconciled to the Head of the Empire.

LONDON, *June* 19.

Extract of a LETTER from an Engliſh *Gentleman on the* Rhine, *dated the* 16 *Inſt.* N. S.

"WE ſee in a ſhort View the Affairs of "Europe: I ſee all Germany in im- "minent Danger, Princes againſt Princes; nay "even ſuch Miſunderſtandings between the

"General

" General Officers under Prince Eugene, that " ſhould his Highneſs undertake any Attempt " againſt the Enemy, I really think the ſame " would be to our Diſadvantage: The Duke " of Wirtemberg, whoſe Preſence is ſo much " wanted in the Army, is very ill: The Duke " of Bavaria's Behaviour gives great Uneaſi- " neſs to his Highneſs Prince Eugene; and in " ſhort we do expect the Ruſſian Troops as " Meſſengers of the greateſt Danger in the " preſent Situation of Affairs in Germany. " His Highneſs Prince Eugene has ſent every " Day an Expreſs to Vienna for theſe ſix " Days. The beſt Troops that are in the " Camp, are his Majeſty's Hanoverian Con- " tingent Troops; they are fine Men, well " cloathed, and in ſuch Order, that they are " admired by every Body. Since I have been " in the Camp, two Expreſſes arrived here " from his Majeſty at Hanover, and the ſame " were ſent back by his Highneſs Prince Eu- " gene, ſolliciting the Maritime Powers De- " claration for his Imperial Majeſty, *&c.*

We learn from Hanover, that his Majeſty din'd on Wedneſday laſt, for the firſt time, in that City, and went afterwards to ſee a Play acted in the great Theatre, which is reckoned one of the largeſt and fineſt in Europe.

The Concourſe of People on this Occaſion may be imagined.

Letters from Italy adviſe, that the Allies having paſſed the Oglio, Count Konigſegg for fear of having his Communication cut off, and being ſhut up in the Seraglio without Proviſions, being diſappointed of a great Convoy he expected from Trieſſe, thought fit to abandon all the Mantuan, and to retire to the Trentine, leaving 12 Battalions in Mantua for its Defence; which Retreat he executed with great Prudence, and without any Loſs, and found means to tranſport the Magazines to the ſide of Verona, ſo that the Allies are in a Condition to block up Mantua very cloſe; and when the Letters came away, were preparing to march in purſuit of the Imperialiſts.

Letters from Petersburg mention, that there has been ſeveral Conferences lately between Count d'Oſterman, Prime Miniſter to the Czarina, and the Miniſters of the Emperor, the King of Pruſſia and King Auguſtus, in order to find out a Method to remove King Staniſlaus from Koningsberg, without violating the Rights of Hoſpitality and thoſe of Nations. 'Tis ſaid that the Expences her Czarian Majeſty has been at, in relation to Poland, amount to ten Millions of Rubels, Muſcovite Money.

The Imperialiſts have lately made ſome new Motions upon the Rhine; the French lie quiet in their Camps; whether Prince Eugene or Marſhal Coigny ſhall paſs the Rhine is ſtill unknown, but the Report continues that the French wait the Conqueſt of Italy before they enter offenſively upon the Action; they have made another general Forage, and with Succeſs: As the two Armies have done nothing elſe of importance ſince their taking the Field, the French begin to call it *The Foraging Campaign.*

We have an Account that the Spaniards, upon the Arrival of the Engliſh Fleet in the Harbour of Lisbon, were doubling their Preparations both by Land and Sea, with the utmoſt Expedition.

We have Advice by the Way of France, that the Imperialiſts have retreated from the fortified Towns of Oſtiglio, Burgo-Forte, Goito and Caſtelluchio, as the Allies gradually approached to inveſt them; Count Konigſegg was at length retired wholly from the Seraglio, and had taken his Rout with the Imperial Army through the Venetian Territories towards the Biſhoprick of Trent, abandoning Italy to the Enemy; ſo that the Allies are Maſters of every thing but the City of Mantua, which Place would be inſtantly beſieged. The King of Sardinia has ſent a Detachment up to the Gates of the Town, to ſummon it to ſurrender; he being arrived with his Army at the Banks of the Lake.

Note *Mantua* is a very ancient City in Lombardy in Italy, built 300 Years before Rome. It is the Capital of a Dukedom, and a Biſhop's See under the Patriarch of Aquileia, but exempted from his Juriſdiction ever ſince the Year 1453. It is a great and magnificent City ſtanding on a firm Spot of Ground, ſeated within the Boſom of a Lake, or rather a Marſh, of the ſame Name, made by the River Mincio in a flat Country; which cannot properly be called a Lake; for in ſome Parts of it the Water is always in Motion, though in others it ſtagnates, which makes the Air ſo infectious, that few of the Rich ſtay in the City during the Summer Heats: This Marſh is about five Miles long, and about half a Mile broad, which contributes very much to its Strength and Security; three Sides of the City being encompaſſed by Water, and a fourth Side by a Wall: The Water of the Lake emptieth it ſelf into the River Po. This City is not well nor regularly fortified, being only encloſed with a Wall, and defended by a Citadel to the Land Side; with which it has its Communication, by a Cawſway of 300 Paces long, towards Cremona on the S. W. Side, and by two others on the N. E. of 300 Paces long each, with Draw-Bridges and Forts at the End of them. The City is pretty large, and ſaid to be about 4 Miles round, but not populous, the Streets are broad and ſtraight, but the Houſes are very indifferent and unequal; the Duke's Palace is a large Building. This City has 8 Gates, 3 Suburbs, 18 Pariſh Churches, and 40 Convents; alſo two long Bridges over the Lake, one of which has twelve Mills in its Arches, and is called the Mill of the 12 Apoſtles. The natural Strength of its Situation is not ſo remarkable as its giving Birth to two excellent Latin Poets, old immortal *Virgil*, and modern *Baptiſta Mantuanus*, a *Carmelite*; and likewiſe to *Taſſo*, the Italian Poet. It ſtands 40 Miles from Modena, 20 from Verona, and

forty

forty E. of Cremona. Long. 31. 10. Lat. 44. 52.

Letters from Venice mention, that the Allies have bought there a prodigious Number of Woolpacks, to be made use of in the Siege of Mantua.

By a Letter from Lombardy, and by an Express that came to his Excellency the Count de Montijo the Spanish Ambassador, we learn, that the Spanish Horse, at the Retreat of Count Konigsegg, incommoded the Germans in Lombardy, more than the German Hussars did the French on the Rhine, took several Prisoners, and thirty Waggons loaded with Provisions; and Count Konigsegg himself narrowly escaped being taken on the 12th Inst. by a Party of Spanish Dragoons that was in Ambush, at the very Walls of Rovero; but the Count went out by Chance, thro' the Gates of St. Austin, and prevented their Design (though unknown to him): The Duke de Montemar sent three German Officers of Distinction, made Prisoners the 11th Instant, to Parma.

June 26. *They write from Lisbon, that the French Minister offered to his Portuguese Majesty the Intermediation of the French King; and that the King of Portugal answered in a few Days after,* That he had the greatest Regard imaginable for the Interposition of his most Christian Majesty, but that the present Circumstances of his Affairs did not permit him to accept of the Offer.

There are various Reasons assigned for the Imperialists abandoning Mantua; but the smallness of their Numbers, their Want of Provision, the Danger of being surrounded, the Impossibility of Succour, the Apprehension of the Allies attempting to penetrate into the Empire by the Way of the Tyrolese, and the ill Temper of the Elector of Bavaria, make the Retreat of Count Konigsegg one of the most illustrious Instances of his Prudence and Conduct.

They write from Warsaw, that King Augustus sent a Detachment of Polish Troops to Lowitz for the Safety of the Primate's Person, and out of Respect to his Dignity: But the Polish Nobility complain of it, and think it is a Piece of Policy of Field Marshal Munich, to deprive the Primate of his full Liberty, and put under Bonds his Correspondence and Visits, in order to watch all Opportunities to prevent future Disorders.

Letters from Poland say, that the Primate has made his Submission to King Augustus, in a Letter wrote with his own Hand in these Words: *We the Primate of the Kingdom of Poland do declare, that the Election of Stanislaus Lesciuski was done precipitately; and that for this Reason, and the furtherance of the Publick Welfare, we could not defer longer to own for Legal the Election of the most illustrious King Frederick Augustus* III. *Rightful King of Poland and Great Duke of Lithuania, which was made a little Time after the other; and we will not neglect, so much as in us lies, to exhort all true Patriots to do as we have done.* 'Tis added, that the Palatine of Kiow congratulated the King, on this happy Incident, as follows, *Sir, I must the more assure you of my Satisfaction at this Event, as it lays the Foundation of your Throne, and will baffle any future Attempts to shake it.*

'Tis assured that the Emperor, King Augustus, and the Czarina, have entered into a new Treaty of Alliance, by which they engage themselves more fully than ever to stand by each other to the utmost of their Force and Treasure, in all Places and on all Occasions.

They write from France, that Chambord is fitting up for King Stanislaus, who is expected there speedily from Konigsberg.

Our Letters from Italy advise, that Count Konigsegg was the 20th Instant, N. S. at Villa Franca near Verona, making large Strides to gain the Tyrolese, where his heavy Baggage was arrived, and the necessary Magazines already erected, 'Tis said that they hardly exceed 20,000 Men since the Detachment that they made to reinforce the Garrison of Mantua, which consisted of none before but the Burghers, and a few raw Militia.

July 5. *Last Week her Majesty sent her Compliments of Condolance to the Lady Viscountess Howe, newly arrived from Barbadoes.*

On Tuesday came on at the King's Bench Bar, Westminster, before the Lord Hardwicke, the Trial of Mr. Peter Duminy, upon the Statute of 4 and 5 Philip and Mary, for a high Misdemeanor, in marrying, on the 21st of last December, Miss Western an Heiress, under the Age of 16 Years, without the Privity or Consent of her Guardians, in Contempt of the Statute aforesaid: The Fact being fully prov'd by Mrs. Western, the young Lady's Mother and Guardian, Mr. Bateman, Lord Bateman's Brother, and others, the Jury found him guilty. The Penalties are five Years Imprisonment, and the Heiress's Estate to go to the next of Kin, for her Life. Mrs. Duminy is, we hear, sent to France, and her Husband is said to be gone thither also.

Sir John Norris upon his return from Lisbon is to be created a Viscount and Baron of Great-Britain.

There were enter'd at the Custom-House last Week in order for Exportation, 130,570 *Ounces of Silver Coin, and* 24,000 *of Gold Coin;* 20 *Ships enter'd inwards and* 27 *clear'd out.*

It is remarkable that not any one Sort of Grain has been enter'd the last Week for Exportation.

DUBLIN, June 28.

Tuesday last being St John's Day, the Right Honourable the Lord Kingston was elected and proclaim'd Grand Master of the most Ancient and Right Worshipful Society of Free-Masons, in the Grand Lodge; who appointed for his Deputy, James Brenan, M. D. John Baldwin and John Corneile, Esqrs. were chosen Grand Wardens. After that, and other Business done, the Masters and Wardens went from thence to their own particular Lodges, where they din'd, drank the Healths of their new Grand Officers, and finish'd the Day in Mirth and Pleasure, as is usual and peculiar to that Worshipful Society.

Custom-

Custom-House, New-York, *Octo.* 6. *Entred in.*

Saltus from Jamaica, Fox from New Providence, Griffith from Boston.

Entered out Ratsay for Surrenham.

Cleared. Young to Jamaica, Lawrence to Antigua, Clark to Philadelphia, Lyon to Perth-Amboy.

PHILADELPHIA, *October* 9.

Tuesday last *William Allen*, Esq; was elected Mayor of this City for the ensuing Year.

The Remainder of the Elections.

Lancaster County. Representatives, *James Hamilton*, *Thomas Edwards*, *Andrew Galbraith*, *Thomas Armstrong*. Sheriffs, *Samuel Smith*, *James Mitchel*. Coroners, *James Armstrong*, *William Cadwell*.

New-Castle County Representatives, *David French*, *Andrew Peterson*, *John Richardson*, *Thomas Noxon*, *John M'Cool*, *Jehu Curtis*. Sheriffs, *Henry Newton*, *John Goodwin*. Coroners, *Henry Gunn*, *James Hamilton*, Tanner.

Kent County. Representatives, *Andrew Hamilton*, *James Morris*, *John Holiday*, *William Barnes*, *Henry Molliston*, *Roger Train*. Sheriffs, *Daniel Rodney*, *Cæsar Rodney*. Coroners, *Nicholas Lockerman*, *Samuel Berry*.

Sussex County. Representatives, *Simon Kollock*, *William Till*, *Jabez Fisher*, *Jacob Kollock*, *Richard Hinman*, *Rives Holt*. Sheriffs, *Cornelius Woolbank*, *John Shanklin*. Coroners, *Daniel Numis*, *William Sultridge*.

Custom-House, Philadelphia, *Entred in.*

Sloop Droitwych, John Lindsey, from No-Carolina.

Entred out.

Ship Tryal, William Grieves, for Ireland.
---- Mary and Hannah, Henry Savage, for London.
---- William and Mary, David Blair, for Dublin.
---- Nelly, John Norris, for London.
Brigt. Britannia, John Bond, for Opporto.
Ship Diligence, Alexander Gordon, for Lisbon.

Cleared.

Snow Charming Molly, Henry Harrison, to London.

Advertisements.

STRAY'D *away sometime ago, from* David Evans, *a dark brown Colt, about* 5 *Years old, branded with* T b *in one Letter on the near Buttock. Whoever secures the said Colt so that he may be had again, shall have* Ten Shillings *Reward and reasonable Charges paid by*

Aug. 21. 1735. David Evans.

ALL *Persons indebted to the Estate of* Humphry Murry *late of* Philadelphia *deceas'd, are desired to come and pay their respective Debts to the Executors* William Allen *and* Edward Shippen; *and such as have any Demands on the said Estate are desired to bring in their Accounts.*

There is to be sold by the said Executors, two Houses and Lots, at the lower End of Front Street *near the Draw-Bridge, where the Widow* Crap *now dwells. A Plantation at* Neshaminy, *where* Moses Marshal *now lives, containing* 150 *Acres.* 500 *Acres of Land in the Township of* Limerick, *in* Pennsylvania. 625 *Acres of Land on a Branch of* Delaware, *called* Loakoling, *being Part of the Lotting Purchase No.* 57, *in the Township of* Amwel, *in* Hunterdon *County*, West New-Jersey. *And* 1420 *Acres near* Whipany *on both Sides* Rohaway River, *in the County and Province aforesaid. Also a new Still containing* 60 *Gallons, with a Worm and Tub.*

ON *Monday the* 22*d past, one* William Dillin *a Barber of* Newtown *in* Maryland, *hired of* Thomas Been *a black Horse of a large Size, branded with* T B *on the near Buttock, and* A *in the near Shoulder, a long switch Tail, a kind of Blaze in the Forehead, but mixt with black Hair, shod before. He hired him only to go to* New-Castle, *but has run away with the Horse towards* New-York, *being seen on the Road thither near* Crosswicks, *where he offer'd some Razors to sale. The said* Dillin *is of small Size, wears a blue Jacket with an ozenbrigs Frock over it, and a white Wig. Whoever secures the said Man and Horse, so as the Horse may be had again, shall have* Twenty Shillings *Reward paid by* Thomas Been, or

Octo. 2. William Crosthwaite *of* Philadelphia.

To be SOLD,

BY Nathaniel French *in the Second Street*, *Fine tasted Jamaica Rum, by the Cask, at* 3 s. 4 d. *per Gallon: And at* 3 s. 10 d. *by the smaller Quantity. As also neat historical Chimney Tiles at* 3 s. 6 d *per doz. Likewise figur'd Iron Chimney Backs.* *Philad. Octo.* 2. 1735.

To be Sold,

A Very good Fulling-Mill at *Fishing-Creek*, in the County of *Cape-May*, with all the Materials; as Press, Sheers, Tenters, and Copper: With one hundred Acres of Land. Enquire of *Richard Downs.*

STRAY'D or Stolen the 2d of this Inst. from *Daniel Rodney*'s Pasture, at *Dover*, two Horses. The one branded with I H on the near Shoulder, and a Scar of a Fistula on the off Shoulder, large Main and long Switch Tail. The other branded with L T on the near Buttock. Whoever brings the said Horses to *Daniel Rodney* at *Dover*, or to *John Asson* at *Lewistown*, shall have *three Pounds* Reward and reasonable Charges paid by

Sept. 20. *John Asson.*

ALL *Persons indebted to* Reese Meredith, *are desired to come and settle with him, and pay their respective Balances, he designing to leave the Place in* 2 *Weeks.*

To be sold by said Meredith, *at his store on* Wm. Fishbourn's *Wharff, Three quarter Garlicks, plain and corded Dimities, broad and narrow shalloons, Tammys, worsted and cotten Caps, Men's, Women's and Children's stockings, stuffs, Calimincoes, Crapes, Sagathees, Mohair and Buttons, Metal Ditto, Fine Hats, Bohea and Green Tea, Coffee, single and Double refin'd Sugar, Sail duck, Cutlery and Iron Ware, Guns, Anchors, a set of Blocks and Pumps for a ship and sloop, Logwood, Short Pipes, Earthen Ware, and Manchester Goods: All very reasonable for Ready Money.*

ALL *Persons indebted to* Simon Edgell, *of this City, are desired to come and settle, and pay the Balance of their Accounts, with said* Edgell, *or they must expect to be sued.*

N. B. *There is to be sold at his Store, opposite to* William Fishbourn's *Wharff for ready Money, Ozenbrigs, Nails, Shot, Window Glass, Looking-Glasses, Irish Linnens, Woollens, and sundry other Merchandize at very reasonable Rates, he intending to depart this Province the latter end of* November.

N. B. *A parcel of likely servants just arrived from Milford on board the Brigt. Britannia,* John Bond, *Master; whose Times are to be disposed of by said* Simon Edgel *or said Master at Market-street Wharff.*

Just published,

A *Letter to a Friend in the Country*, *containing the Substance of a Sermon preach'd at* Philadelphia *in the Congregation of the Rev. Mr.* Hemphill, *concerning the Terms of Christian and Ministerial Communion.*

2 Corinth. iii. 17.

---- *where the Spirit of the Lord is, there is* Liberty.

Gal. v. 1.

Stand fast therefore in the Liberty *wherewith Christ hath made us* free, *and be not entangled again in the Yoke of Bondage.*

Printed and sold by B. FRANKLIN *at the* New Printing-Office *near the Market. Price* 6 d.

SUPER FINE CROWN SOAP.

IT *cleanses fine Linens, Muslins, Laces, Chinces, Cambricks* &c. *with Ease and Expedition, which often suffer more from the long and hard Rubbing of the Washer, through the ill Qualities of the* Soap *they use, than the Wearing. It is excellent for the Washing of Scarlets, or any other bright and curious Colours, that are apt to change by the Use of common* Soap *The Sweetness of the Flavor and the fine Lather it immediatly produces, renders it pleasant for the Use of Barbers. It is cut in exact and equal Cakes neatly put up, and sold at the* New Printing Office, *at* 1 *s. per Cake.*

ALL *Persons who are indebted to* Henry Flower, *late Postmaster of* Pennsylvania, *for Postage of Letters or otherwise, are desired to pay the same to him at the old Coffee-House in* Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by B. FRANKLIN, at the New-Printing-Office near the Market. *Price* 10 *s.* a Year.

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